

Serway R Principi Di Fisica Vol 2

Annual Plant Reviews, Volume 23 A much clearer picture is now emerging of the fine structure of the plant cuticle and its surface, the composition of cuticular waxes and the biosynthetic pathways leading to them. Studies assessing the impact of UV radiation on plant life have emphasized the role of the cuticle and underlying epidermis as optical filters for solar radiation. The field concerned with the diffusive transport of lipophilic organic non-electrolytes across the plant cuticle has reached a state of maturity. A new paradigm has recently been proposed for the diffusion of polar compounds and water across the cuticle. In the context of plant ecophysiology, cuticular transpiration can now be placed in the perspective of whole-leaf water relations. New and unexpected roles have been assigned to the cuticle in plant development and pollen-stigma interactions. Finally, much progress has been made in understanding the cuticle as a specific and extraordinary substrate for the interactions of the plant with microorganisms, fungi and insects. This volume details the major developments of recent years in this important interdisciplinary area. It is directed at researchers and professionals in plant biochemistry, plant physiology, plant ecology, phytopathology and environmental microbiology, in both the academic and industrial sectors.

Numerous sources of ionizing radiation can lead to human exposure: natural sources, nuclear explosions, nuclear power generation, use of radiation in medical, industrial and research purposes, and radiation emitting consumer products. Before assessing the radiation dose to a population one requires a precise knowledge of the activity of a number of radionuclides. The basis for the assessment of the dose to a population from a release of radioactivity to the environment, the estimation of the potential clinical health effects due to the dose received and, ultimately, the implementation of countermeasures to protect the population, is the measurement of radioactive contamination in the environment after the release. It is the purpose of this book to present the facts about the presence of radionuclides in the environment, natural and man made. There is no aspect of radioactivity, which has marked the passing century, not mentioned or discussed in this book.

Gli argomenti di Fisica Generale sono finalizzati allo studio delle applicazioni alla Fisiologia Umana e alla descrizione del funzionamento delle apparecchiature utilizzate in ambito sanitario. Vengono analizzati, sia in termini descrittivi che quantitativi, le funzioni fondamentali svolte dai principali sistemi: sollecitazioni meccaniche sulle ossa lunghe a trazione, compressione, flessione, torsione; sistema circolatorio; influenza del raggio dei vasi sulla resistenza idraulica; portata e velocità; pressione trasmurale e pressione di perfusione; parametri emodinamici a riposo e sotto sforzo; resistenza idraulica totale; raggio equivalente del circolo sistemico; bilancio energetico in presenza di stenosi o aneurisma; lavoro e potenza del cuore; legge di Laplace e raggio dei vasi; filtrazione e assorbimento capillare; gradiente idrostatico e gradiente osmotico; edema; tensione superficiale; capillarità; embolia gassosa; andamento della pressione endopolmonare e della pressione intrapleurica nella respirazione naturale e forzata; potenza basale, metabolica e meccanica; rendimento del corpo umano e potenza trasmessa all'ambiente in funzione del gradiente di temperatura e dell'umidità relativa; equilibrio termico; trasporto dell'O₂ e della CO₂; composizione dell'aria inspirata, dell'aria alveolare e dell'aria espirata; curva di dissociazione dell'emoglobina; potere ossiforico del sangue arterioso e venoso; flusso di ossigeno ai tessuti; ossigeno estratto; potenza metabolica e fabbisogno d'aria; ipossia anossica, stagnante, anemica; acidosi e alcalosi respiratoria; effetti della corrente elettrica sul corpo umano; tempo di contatto massimo ammissibile; interruttore differenziale; costituzione e funzionamento del defibrillatore; l'elettrocardiogramma; modello elettrico del cuore; determinazione analitica dell'asse elettrico cardiaco; deviazione assiale sinistra e destra; risonanza magnetica; magnetizzazione macroscopica; rilassamento

longitudinale e trasversale e caratterizzazione tessutale; diottri piani e sferici e modello dell'occhio; ametropie e loro correzione; il laser; pompaggio ottico; interazione tra fascio laser e tessuti; produzione e assorbimento dei raggi X; acustica; soglia di udibilità e soglia del dolore; timpanogramma; audiometria tonale liminare; ultrasuoni nei tessuti biologici; ecografia. Gli strumenti matematici utilizzati sono compatibili con quelli posseduti dagli allievi e numerosi esercizi, risolti e commentati, mostrano l'applicazione della fisica generale alla fisiologia umana. L'ampiezza del testo, sia in termini di numero di argomenti trattati che di grado di approfondimento degli stessi, è proporzionata al numero di ore di lezione dei corsi.

Cryogenics is the study of low temperature interactions - temperatures well below those existing in the natural universe. The book covers a large spectrum of experimental cases, including basic vacuum techniques, indispensable in cryogenics. Guidance in solving experimental problems and numerous numerical examples are given, as are examples of the applications of cryogenics in such areas as underground detectors and space applications. Updated tables of low-temperature data on materials are also presented, and the book is supplemented with a rich bibliography. Researchers (graduate and above) in the fields of physics, engineering and chemistry with an interest in the technology and applications of low-temperature measurements, will find this book invaluable. Experiments described in technical detail

Description of newest cryogenic apparatus
Applications in multidisciplinary areas
Data on cryogenic properties of new materials
Current reference review

Methodologies and legislative frameworks regarding the archaeological excavation, retrieval, analysis, curation and potential reburial of human skeletal remains differ throughout the world. As work forces have become increasingly mobile and international research collaborations are steadily increasing, the need for a more comprehensive understanding of different national research traditions, methodologies and legislative structures within the academic and commercial sector of physical anthropology has arisen. The Routledge Handbook of Archaeological Human Remains and Legislation provides comprehensive information on the excavation of archaeological human remains and the law through 62 individual country contributions from Europe, Asia, Africa, North America, South America and Australasia. More specifically, the volume discusses the following: What is the current situation (including a brief history) of physical anthropology in the country? What happens on discovering human remains (who is notified, etc.)? What is the current legislation regarding the excavation of archaeological human skeletal remains? Is a license needed to excavate human remains? Is there any specific legislation regarding excavation in churchyards? Any specific legislation regarding war graves? Are physical anthropologists involved in the excavation process? Where is the cut-off point between forensic and archaeological human remains (e.g. 100 years, 50 years, 25 years...)? Can human remains be transported abroad for research purposes? What methods of anthropological analysis are mostly used in the country? Are there any methods created in that country which are population-specific? Are there particular ethical issues that need to be considered when excavating human remains, such as religious groups or tribal groups? In addition, an overview of landmark anthropological studies and important collections are provided where appropriate. The entries are contained by an introductory chapter by the editors which establish the objectives and structure of the book, setting it within a wider archaeological framework, and a conclusion which explores the current European and world-wide trends and perspectives in the study of archaeological human remains. The Routledge Handbook of Archaeological Human Remains and Legislation makes a timely, much-needed contribution to the field of physical anthropology and is unique as it combines information on the excavation of human remains and the legislation that guides it, alongside information on the current state of physical anthropology across several continents. It is an indispensable tool for archaeologists involved in the excavation of human remains around the

world.

Vistas in Astronomy

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Includes entries for maps and atlases.

Saggi sugli aspetti generali del sistema sociale ed economico di Bologna e provincia, in particolare su demografia, mercato e qualità del lavoro, lavoro atipico, terziario avanzato ed economia digitale. Gli orientamenti dei giovani verso la società e il lavoro, la condizione degli studenti universitari, l'immigrazione, il sistema sanitario. Con dati statistici su tutti i temi trattati e su cultura, tempo libero e qualità della vita. (ubosb).

Principi di fisica Principles of Physics A Calculus Approach Fisica Generale Con Applicazioni alla Medicina Società Editrice Esculapio

The book shows a very original organization addressing in a non traditional way, but with a systematic approach, to who has an interest in using mathematics in the social sciences. The book is divided in four parts: (a) a historical part, written by Vittorio Capecchi which helps us understand the changes in the relationship between mathematics and sociology by analyzing the mathematical models of Paul F. Lazarsfeld, the model of simulation and artificial societies, models of artificial neural network and considering all the changes in scientific paradigms considered; (b) a part coordinated by Pier Luigi Contucci on mathematical models that consider the relationship between the mathematical models that come from physics and linguistics to arrive at the study of society and those which are born within sociology and economics; (c) a part coordinated by Massimo Buscema analyzing models of artificial neural networks; (d) a part coordinated by Bruno D'Amore which

considers the relationship between mathematics and art. The title of the book "Mathematics and Society" was chosen because the mathematical applications exposed in the book allow you to address two major issues: (a) the general theme of technological innovation and quality of life (among the essays are on display mathematical applications to the problems of combating pollution and crime, applications to mathematical problems of immigration, mathematical applications to the problems of medical diagnosis, etc.) (b) the general theme of technical innovation and creativity, for example the art and mathematics section which connects to the theme of creative cities. The book is very original because it is not addressed only to those who are passionate about mathematical applications in social science but also to those who, in different societies, are: (a) involved in technological innovation to improve the quality of life; (b) involved in the wider distribution of technological innovation in different areas of creativity (as in the project "Creative Cities Network" of UNESCO).

The relationship between geography and philosophy is still largely in need of being explored. Geographers and philosophers share the responsibility for that. On the one hand, geographers have considered as a dangerous deviation any attempt to elaborate an image of the Earth which was not a mere replica of a cartographic representation. On the other hand, philosophers have generally been uninterested in a discipline offering little chance for critical reflection. In light of these considerations, the purpose of this book is to identify some fundamental philosophical issues involved in the reflection of geography by adopting a perspective which looks at the discipline with a specific focus on its fundamental concepts and distinctions.

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